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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/780,454	02/17/2004	Wayne M. Adams	BEAS-01432US1	1402	
23910 FLIESLER ME	7590 07/26/2007 EYER LLP		EXAMINER		
650 CALIFORNIA STREET			ROSWELL, MICHAEL		
14TH FLOOR SAN FRANCIS	SCO, CA 94108		ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER		
J			2173		
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

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		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
		10/780,454	ADAMS ET AL.			
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
		Michael Roswell	2173			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication ap or Renly	pears on the cover sheet w	rith the correspondence address	;		
	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL	VIC SET TO EVOIDE 2 N	MONTH(S) OF THIRTY (20) D	^		
WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failu Any	CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING Descriptions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. O period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period are to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statutively received by the Office later than three months after the mailing patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNI 136(a). In no event, however, may a will apply and will expire SIX (6) MO te, cause the application to become A	CATION. reply be timely filed NTHS from the mailing date of this commun BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status		·				
1) 又	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 14 M	Mav 2007.				
·		s action is non-final.				
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
,—	closed in accordance with the practice under	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.I	D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.			
Disposit	ion of Claims		·	·		
4) 🛛	Claim(s) 1-11 and 13-30 is/are pending in the	application.				
· ·	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
	Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
·	Claim(s) 1-11 and 13-30 is/are rejected.		•			
•	Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requirement.	•			
Applicat	ion Papers	•				
9)□	The specification is objected to by the Examin	er.				
• —	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc		by the Examiner.			
<i>,</i> —	Applicant may not request that any objection to the	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct			121(d).		
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	xaminer. Note the attache	d Office Action or form PTO-15	52.		
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
_	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreigi	n priority under 35 U.S.C.	§ 119(a)-(d) or (f)			
•	☐ All b)☐ Some * c)᠍ None of:	p, aa	3 · · · · (-) · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
-/	1. Certified copies of the priority documen	ts have been received.				
	2. Certified copies of the priority documen		Application No			
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the price			e .		
	application from the International Burea					
* 5	See the attached detailed Office action for a lis		received.	• .		
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Attachmen	(t(c)					
_	te of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview	Summary (PTO-413)			
2) Notic	ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No	(s)/Mail Date	,		
	mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) er No(s)/Mail Date	5)	Informal Patent Application			
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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 2. Claims 1-11 and 13-30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Soares et al. (VersionWeb: A Tool for Helping Web page Version Control).

As to independent claim 1, Soares et al. teach a method for propagating an application wherein the application includes a plurality of components (i.e. pages comprising a Web site, p.

- 1), said method comprising:
- selecting a destination environment (i.e. to a WWW server, see 1st paragraph, p. 3);
- propagating the components from a source environment to the destination environment according to a set of rules (i.e. VersionWeb offers options or rules for users access CVS operations to manipulate files, see p. 6 and 7); and
- wherein the propagation of at least two of the components can be performed in parallel (i.e.
 the downloading of multiple files simultaneously. See page 6 of Soares, specifically the
 "Local Checkout" and "Versions List" functions).

In addition, the examiner contends that servers such as those utilized by Soares allow a user to download (propagate) multiple files concurrently, and thus in parallel as claimed.

As to claim 2, Soares et al. teach the method of claim 1 wherein: the application can be a web application (i.e. Web pages).

As to claim 3, Soares et al. teach the method of claim 1 wherein: the plurality of components can include at least one of: binary files, J2EE (Enterprise Java) applications, .Net applications, LDAP information, distributed objects, libraries, configuration files, information in

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databases including database records, Java Archives (JARs), XML (Extensible Markup Language) documents, and HTML (Hypertext Markup Language) documents {i.e. documents Web pages support, as one skilled in the art can appreciate to be XML, HTML, Java, etc.}.

As to claim 4, Soares et al. teach the method of claim 1 wherein: the plurality of components can be distributed on a plurality of source operating environments (i.e. to multiple authors, see last paragraph, p. 1).

As to claim 5, Soares et al. teach the method of claim 1 wherein: a rule in the set of rules can determine whether the source environment or the destination environment take precedence (i.e. "commit of a local checkout" for uploading source environment updates to the destination or "local checkout" for getting destination environment updates to the source environment, see p. 6).

As to claim 6, Soares et al. teach the method of claim 1, further comprising: providing a user interface; and wherein the user interface can initiate the propagation (i.e. see Figure 5).

As to claim 7, Soares et al. teach the method of claim 6 wherein: the user interface provides a first user interface to allow a user to create one or more rules in the set of rules (i.e. the management of users by an Administrator can limit or extend the rights of groups, see p. 7 and 8).

As to claim 8, Soares et al. teach the method of claim 6 wherein: the user interface provides a first user interface to allow a user to preview the changes that will take place in the destination environment (i.e. to show visually the differences between two versions using "Diffs", see p. 7).

As to claim 9, Soares et al. teach the method of claim 1, further comprising: providing a process interface to allow a process to initiate the propagation (i.e. VersionWeb is installed on

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the server, in other words, a process that is running on the server that facilitates file updating and versioning, see 2nd paragraph, p. 2).

As to claim 10, Soares et al. teach the method of claim 1 wherein: the source and/or destination environment can include a plurality of computing devices (i.e. to/from multiple authors on different systems, see last paragraph, p. 1).

As to claim 11, Soares et al. teach system for propagating an application wherein the application includes a plurality of components (i.e. pages comprising a Web site, p. 1), said system comprising:

- a process interface operable to accept propagation requests (i.e. from a user, see Figure 5);
- a difference engine operable to propagate the components from a source environment to a
 destination environment according to a set of rules (VersionWeb offers options or rules for
 users access CVS operations to manipulate files, see p. 6 and 7);
- threading model operable to instantiate instances of the difference engine (i.e. VersionWeb uses CVS to allow simultaneous access to a file, see 2nd paragraph, p. 2); and
- wherein the propagation of at least two of the components can be performed in parallel (i.e. the downloading of multiple files simultaneously. See page 6 of Soares, specifically the "Local Checkout" and "Versions List" functions).

In addition, the examiner contends that servers such as those utilized by Soares are notoriously well known in the art to allow a user to download (propagate) multiple files concurrently, and thus in parallel as claimed.

As to claim 13, Soares et al. teach the system of claim 11 wherein: the application can be a web application (i.e. Web pages).

As to claim 14, Soares et al. teach the system of claim 11 wherein: the plurality of components can include at least one of: binary files, J2EE (Enterprise Java) applications, .Net applications, LDAP information, distributed objects, libraries, configuration files, information in databases including database records, Java Archives (JARs), XML (Extensible Markup Language) documents, and HTML (Hypertext Markup Language) documents (i.e. documents Web pages support, as one skilled in the art can appreciate to be XML, HTML, Java, etc.).

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As to claim 15, Soares et al. teach the system of claim 11 wherein: the plurality of components can be distributed on a plurality of source operating environments (i.e. to multiple authors, see last paragraph, p. 1).

As to claim 16, Soares et al. teach the system of claim 11 wherein: a rule in the set of rules can determine whether the source environment or the destination environment take precedence (i.e. "commit of a local checkout" for uploading source environment updates to the destination or "local checkout" for getting destination environment updates to the source environment, see p. 6).

As to claim 17, Soares et al. teach the system of claim 11, further comprising: a user interface; and wherein the user interface can initiate the propagation (i.e. see Figure 5).

As to claim 18, Soares et al. teach the system of claim 17 wherein: the user interface provides a first user interface to allow a user to create one or more rules in the set of rules (i.e. the management of users by an Administrator can limit or extend the rights of groups, see p. 7 and 8).

As to claim 19, Soares et al. teach the system of claim 17 wherein: the user interface provides a first user interface to allow a user to preview the changes that will take place in the destination environment (i.e. to show visually the differences between two versions using "Diffs", see p. 7).

As to claim 20, Soares et al. teach the system of claim 17 wherein: the source and/or destination environment can include a plurality of computing devices (i.e. to/from multiple authors on different systems, see last paragraph, p. 1).

As to claims 21-30, claims 21-30 differ from claims 1-10 only in that claims 21-30 are machine readable medium (i.e. stored in server memory) type claims where as claims 1-10 are

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method claims. Thus, claims 21-30 are analyzed as previously discussed with respect to claims 1-10 above.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 14 May 2007 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

On pages 8-9 of the remarks, Applicant argues that the "concurrent version system allows multiple users to check out files and send modified files to a server, but CVS...does not propagate components in parallel. The examiner respectfully disagrees. As stated above, Soares teaches a CVS system allowing the check out of project files to a user. The examiner has pointed to the "Local Checkout" and "Versions List" functions of page 6 that show the ability to download multiple files. As is well known in the art, a server allows for concurrent downloading by a single user or a plurality of users, and hence allows for the parallel propagation of components such as the files versions of Soares.

Furthermore, the examiner notes that the claim limitation does not positively cite that the propagation is performed, only that it **can** be performed. Therefore, as Soares teaches the use of a server for storing version files, and servers allow for concurrent downloading, the examiner maintains that Soares does indeed teach a system wherein parallel propagation can be performed.

Conclusion

Please note that the examiner of record has changed.

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

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A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michael Roswell whose telephone number is (571) 272-4055. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30 - 6:00 M-F.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, John Cabeca can be reached on (571) 272-4048. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

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